PROJECT TITLE : Unit Operations II

PERIOD COVERED: May 27th - June 30th, 1980

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STRIPS EXTRACTION

The last trials with the rented carousel extractor from Ex-Technik were carried out at lower feedwater temperatures. The objective was to optimize the temperature with respect to the ammonia and nitrate-nitrogen concentrations of the extract in order to overcome the problems encountered with the fermentation of strips extract which were reported earlier (Ref. 1). Therefore the NH $_3$ -N and NO $_3$ -N levels of the extract were determined at different feedwater temperatures.

Temperatures of 18, 30, 35, 40 and $45^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ were tried at the following conditions :

Extraction time : 40 min Input strips : $\sim 18 \text{ kg/h}$ Ratio strips to water : $\sim 1 : 10$

The extract of the lowest temperature was used for a fermentation trial in the 20:1 fermenter, NINO trial $59:(Ref.\ 2):$

The figure on appendix 1 shows the effect of the temperature on the ammonia and nitrate-nitrogen levels of the extract. Somewhere between 40 and 50 $^{\circ}$ C the NH $_3$ -N level starts to exceed the NO $_3$ -N concentration.

The figure on appendix 2 shows the effect of the temperature on the extraction grades of the strips for HWS, NO $_3$ -N and NH $_3$ -N.

These results suggest that future trials for strips extraction should be carried out at temperatures lower than 50°C and this for two reasons:

- 1) At lower temperatures the concentration of NO_3-N in the extract always exceeds the level of NH_3-N .
- Between 40 and 50^oC more than 80% of the nitrate present in the unwashed strips are extracted.

DUST SIEVING FOR MONIQUE/RCB

An offer was received from Chauvin in Grenoble for spare parts of the sieving machine in Onnens.

Ref. 2: Monthly report, June 1980, Nitrate Reduction by Controlled Fermentation, C. Ruf.

PROCESS DEVELOPMENT

U. Willi

July 2nd, 1980 NIL/sde

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- 28 -







